

# Algebraic Number Theory

## Exercise Sheet 11

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**Exercise 1.** For every square-free positive integer  $d$  compute the group of units  $\mathcal{O}_K^*$ , where  $K = \mathbb{Q}[\sqrt{-d}]$ .

*Hint:* Recall that  $x \in K$  is a unit if and only if  $x \in \mathcal{O}_K$  and  $N_{\mathbb{Q}}^K(x) = \pm 1$  (see Exercise 3, Sheet 2).

**Exercise 2.** Let  $\zeta_5$  be a primitive 5th root of unity, let  $K = \mathbb{Q}(\zeta_5)$ .

- (1) Show that  $1 + \zeta_5 \in \mathcal{O}_K^*$ .
- (2) Let  $H$  be the subgroup in  $\mathcal{O}_K^*$  generated by  $1 + \zeta_5$ . Show that  $\mathcal{O}_K^*/H$  is finite.

**Exercise 3.** Let  $K = \mathbb{Q}[\sqrt{d}] \subset \mathbb{R}$  be a real quadratic field, where  $d$  is a square-free positive integer. Let  $A$  be the ring of integers of  $K$ .

(0) Show that the subgroup  $H = A^* \cap ]0, +\infty[$  of  $A^*$  is isomorphic to  $\mathbb{Z}$ . Deduce that there is only one generator of  $H$  which is greater than 1. We call this generator the fundamental unit.

(1) Let  $v = a + b\sqrt{d} \in A^*$ ,  $a, b \in \mathbb{Q}$ . Show that  $v > 1$  if and only if  $a > 0$  and  $b > 0$ .

(2) Let  $u = \min\{v \in A^* \mid v > 1\}$ . Show that  $u$  is the fundamental unit of  $K$ .

(3) For every positive integer  $n$ , let  $u^n = a_n + b_n\sqrt{d}$ ,  $a_n, b_n \in \mathbb{Q}$ . Show that the sequence  $\{b_n\}$  is increasing.

(4) Find the fundamental unit  $u > 1$  for  $d = 2, 5, 7$ .

*Hint:* Use (3) and the description of  $A$ .

(5) Suppose that the fundamental unit  $u > 1$  is known. Describe the positive integer solutions of Pell-Fermat equations:  $x^2 - dy^2 = 1$  and  $x^2 - dy^2 = -1$

*Hint:* Consider the two cases:  $d \not\equiv 1 \pmod{4}$  and  $d \equiv 1 \pmod{4}$ .

(6) Describe the positive integer solutions of Pell-Fermat equations for  $d = 2, 5, 7$ .